

7-11 JULY 2024

NANOSMAT *Barcelona*

ITINERARY:

A guided tour by bus visiting some of the most iconic landmarks in Barcelona, including: • **WATERFRONT DRIVE** • **COLUMBUS MONUMENT** • **MONTJUIC-OLYMPIC PARK-NATIONAL PALACE (WITH STOP FOR PHOTOS)** • **CASA MILÀ (WITH STOP FOR PHOTOS)** • **CASA BATLLÓ** • **SAGRADA FAMILIA*** (with stop for photos and outside guided tour).

The tour will finish here(). You can either go back to the bus and return to the hotel or do the inside tour (not included in the conference tour). For the inside tour you should get your tickets here (1-2 months in advance):*
<https://sagradafamilia.org/en/tickets>



CULTURAL CITY TOUR

11 JULY 2024 | 9.00 - 13.00

- Departure and arrival at conference venue
- This tour is included in your registration fee (complementary/free/gratis).
- **Request your free ticket till 15 April 2024**
- Bus and English-speaking tour guide included

WATERFRONT DRIVE

Barcelona's contemporary, vibrant waterfront was largely influenced by the 1992 Olympics and changing economic activities. This worldwide event provided the momentum and resources the city needed to revitalize the distressed industrial waterfront. Old warehouses were demolished for commercial uses and tourism.

COLUMBUS MONUMENT

is a 60 m (197 ft) tall monument to Christopher Columbus at the lower end of La Rambla, Barcelona. It was constructed for the Exposición Universal de Barcelona (1888) in honor of Columbus' first voyage to the Americas. The monument serves as a reminder that Christopher Columbus reported to Queen Isabella I and King Ferdinand V in Barcelona after his first trip to the new continent.



NATIONAL PALACE OF MONTJUIC

It was built for the international Expo in 1929. In the year 1934 it became the home of the National Art Museum of Catalonia in which you can mostly find Romanesque art. Under the supervision of the Italian architect Gae Aulenti they began restoring the palace in 1987. The works were completed in 2004.



CASA MILA

The name, 'Casa Milà' comes from the fact that it was the new home of the Milà family. The couple occupied the main floor and rented out the other apartments.

Casa Mila (1906-1912) is Antoni Gaudí's most iconic work of civic architecture due to both its constructional and functional innovations, as well as its ornamental and decorative solutions. It is a total work of art.



CASA BATLLÓ

Originally, built in 1877 by Emilio Sala Cortés (one of Gaudí's architecture professors). In 1903 it was purchased by Mr Josep Batlló y Casanovas, who granted full creative freedom to Antoni Gaudí. It was fully reformed between 1904 and 1906. The architect completely changed the façade, redistributing the internal partitioning, expanding the lightwell and converting the inside into a true work of art.



SAGRADA FAMILIA

La Sagrada Família is a building that Gaudí masterfully designed and, despite not being finished, UNESCO made it a World Heritage Site in 1984 because of its unique architecture and how Gaudí created something so artistic and innovative. Most of Gaudí's life was dedicated to the construction of this masterpiece, and it was the perfect place to lay him to rest. His tomb rests to the left of the altar in the crypt.